

1. Na neki svitak namotana je bakrena žica otpora $R = 1120\Omega$ i promjera 0.22 mm . Izračunajte duljinu žice ako je specifični otpor bakra $0.0175 \frac{\Omega \text{mm}^2}{\text{m}}$.

$$d = 0.22\text{mm} = 2.2 \cdot 10^{-4}\text{m}$$

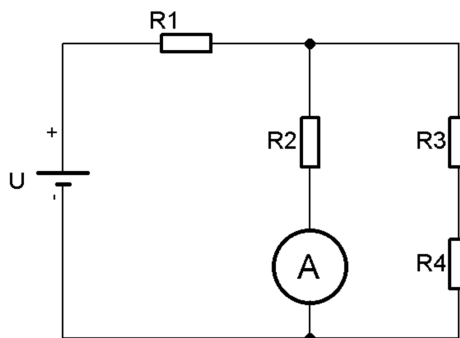
$$S = \frac{d^2 \cdot \pi}{4} = \frac{(2.2 \cdot 10^{-4}\text{m})^2 \cdot \pi}{4} = 3.8 \cdot 10^{-8}\text{m}^2 \quad \boxed{1}$$

$$R = \rho \frac{l}{S} \Rightarrow l = \frac{R \cdot S}{\rho} = \frac{1200\cancel{\Omega} \cdot 3.8 \cdot 10^{-8}\cancel{\text{m}^2}}{0.0175 \cdot 10^{-6}\cancel{\Omega \text{m}}} = 2605.71\text{m}$$

$\boxed{1}$
 $\boxed{1}$
 $\boxed{1}$

4 boda

2. Za strujni krug prema slici izračunajte iznos otpora R_1 ako idealni ampermetar pokazuje struju 1.5 A . Zadano je: $R_2 = 10\Omega$, $R_3 = 20\Omega$, $R_4 = 30\Omega$, $U = 42\text{ V}$.



$$U_{R_2} = U_{R_{34}} = I_A \cdot R_2 = 1.5\text{A} \cdot 10\Omega = 15\text{V} \quad \boxed{1}$$

$$I_{R_{34}} = \frac{U_{R_{34}}}{R_{34}} = \frac{U_{R_{34}}}{R_3 + R_4} = \frac{15\text{V}}{50\Omega} = 0.3\text{A} \quad \boxed{1}$$

$$I_{R_1} = I_A + I_{R_{34}} = 1.5\text{A} + 0.3\text{A} = 1.8\text{A} \quad \boxed{1}$$

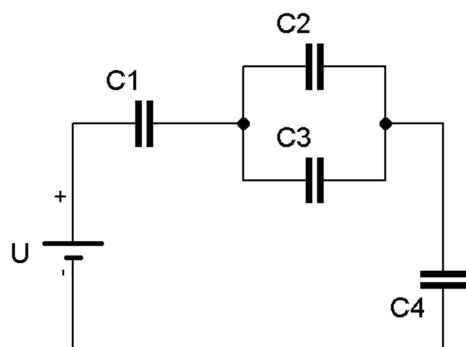
$$U_{R_1} = U - U_{R_2} = 42\text{V} - 15\text{V} = 27\text{V} \quad \boxed{1}$$

$$R_1 = \frac{U_{R_1}}{I_{R_1}} = \frac{27\text{V}}{1.8\text{A}} = 15\Omega \quad \boxed{1}$$

5 bodova

3. Kondenzatori

$C_1 = 40\mu\text{F}$, $C_2 = 5\mu\text{F}$, $C_3 = 15\mu\text{F}$, $C_4 = 20\mu\text{F}$
spojeni su prema slici na istosmjerni napon
 $U = 24\text{ V}$. Izračunajte naboje, napone i energije
na svim kondenzatorima.



$$C_{23} = C_2 + C_3 = 20\mu\text{F}$$

$$\frac{1}{C} = \frac{1}{C_1} + \frac{1}{C_{23}} + \frac{1}{C_4} = \frac{1}{8\text{F}}$$

$$C = 8\mu\text{F} \quad \boxed{1}$$

$$Q = Q_1 = Q_{23} = Q_4 = C \cdot U = 8\mu\text{F} \cdot 24\text{V} = 192\mu\text{C} \quad \boxed{1}$$

$$U_{C_1} = \frac{Q}{C_1} = \frac{192\mu\text{C}}{40\mu\text{F}} = 4.8\text{V}$$

$$U_{C_2} = U_{C_3} = \frac{Q}{C_{23}} = \frac{192\mu\text{C}}{20\mu\text{F}} = 9.6\text{V}$$

$$U_{C_4} = \frac{Q}{C_4} = \frac{192\mu\text{C}}{20\mu\text{F}} = 9.6\text{V}$$

$$Q_2 = C_2 \cdot U_{C_2} = 5\mu\text{F} \cdot 9.6\text{V} = 48\mu\text{C}$$

$$Q_3 = C_3 \cdot U_{C_3} = 15\mu\text{F} \cdot 9.6\text{V} = 144\mu\text{C}$$

$$W_{C_1} = \frac{1}{2} C_1 \cdot U_{C_1}^2 = 460.8\mu\text{J}$$

$$W_{C_2} = \frac{1}{2} C_2 \cdot U_{C_2}^2 = 230.4\mu\text{J}$$

$$W_{C_3} = \frac{1}{2} C_3 \cdot U_{C_3}^2 = 691.2\mu\text{J}$$

$$W_{C_4} = \frac{1}{2} C_4 \cdot U_{C_4}^2 = 230.4\mu\text{J}$$

5 bodova

4. Kroz prstenastu zavojnicu s 3600 zavoja, srednjom duljinom silnice 20 cm i poprečnim presjekom 7 cm² zatvara se magnetski tok $6.5 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ Wb}$. Izračunajte jakost magnetskog polja, magnetsku indukciju i jakost struje.

$$B = \frac{\Phi}{S} = \frac{6.5 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ Wb}}{7 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ m}^2} = 92.86 \text{ mT} \quad \boxed{1}$$

$$B = \mu_0 \cdot H \Rightarrow H = \frac{B}{\mu_0} = \frac{92.86 \text{ mT}}{4\pi \cdot 10^{-7} \frac{\text{Vs}}{\text{Am}}} = 73895.64 \frac{\text{A}}{\text{m}} \quad \boxed{1}$$

$$H = \frac{I \cdot N}{l_{sr}} \Rightarrow I = \frac{H \cdot l_{sr}}{N} = \frac{73895.64 \frac{\text{A}}{\text{m}} \cdot 0.2 \text{ m}}{3600} = 4.1 \text{ A} \quad \boxed{1}$$

5 bodova

5. Zavojnica sa željeznom jezgrom ima 500 zavoja i magnetski tok 0.4 mWb . Kroz koje vrijeme se taj magnetski tok mora smanjiti na 0.1 mWb da se u zavojnici inducira napon 20 V .

$$\Delta\Phi = \Phi_2 - \Phi_1 = 0.1 \text{ mWb} - 0.4 \text{ mWb} = -0.3 \text{ mWb} \quad \boxed{1}$$

$$u_i = -N \frac{\Delta\Phi}{\Delta t} \Rightarrow \Delta t = \frac{-N \cdot \Delta\Phi}{u_i} = \frac{-500 \cdot (-0.3 \text{ mWb})}{20 \text{ V}} = 7.5 \text{ ms} \quad \boxed{1}$$

3 boda

Ukupan broj bodova: 22